

# Novocastra™ Lyophilized Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Spectrin (broad spectrum)

## Product Code: NCL-SPEC2

<b>Intended Use</b>	<b>For In Vitro Diagnostic Use:</b> This product is intended for qualitative immunohistochemistry with normal and neoplastic formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections, to be viewed by light microscopy.
<b>Specificity</b>	Reacts moderately with the beta chain of spectrin in human red blood cells, human muscle and hamster muscle. Also crossreacts weakly with beta-spectrin in sections of muscle from rat, mouse and rabbit. Does not crossreact with chicken, dog and pig muscle.
<b>Clone</b>	RBC1/5B1
<b>Ig Class</b>	IgG1
<b>Antigen Used for Immunizations</b>	Human red blood cell membrane "ghosts".
<b>Hybridoma Partner</b>	Mouse myeloma (p3-NS1-Ag4-1).
<b>Preparation</b>	Lyophilized tissue culture supernatant containing 15 mM sodium azide. Reconstitute with the volume of sterile distilled water indicated on the vial label.
<b>Effective on Frozen Tissue</b>	Yes-unfixed.
<b>Effective on Paraffin Wax Embedded Tissue</b>	Yes
<b>Recommendations on Use</b>	Immunohistochemistry: Typical working dilution 1:100. 60 minutes primary antibody incubation at 25 °C. Indirect immunoperoxidase technique (see overleaf). Western Blotting: Not evaluated.
<b>Positive Controls</b>	Immunohistochemistry: Normal rat striated muscle frozen in isopentane chilled in liquid nitrogen.
<b>Staining Pattern</b>	Cytoplasmic labelling of neuronal axons.
<b>Storage and Stability</b>	Store unopened lyophilized antibody at 4 °C. Under these conditions, there is no significant loss in product performance up to the expiry date indicated on the vial label. The reconstituted antibody is stable for at least two months when stored at 4 °C. For long term storage, it is recommended that aliquots of the antibody are frozen at -20 °C (frost-free freezers are not recommended). Repeated freezing and thawing must be avoided. Prepare working dilutions on the day of use.
<b>General Overview</b>	Spectrin is a cytoskeletal protein which has some structural homology with dystrophin, the protein that is defective in Duchenne and Becker muscular dystrophy. Subtle membrane damage frequently occurs during the excision and freezing of muscle biopsies. Immunohistochemical labelling for spectrin ought to be used to monitor membrane integrity when evaluating proteins such as dystrophin. Fibres that show negative labelling for spectrin are an indication of damage to the muscle being examined.
<b>General References</b>	Winkelmann J C, Costa F F, Linzie B L, et al.. Journal of Biological Chemistry. 265 (33): 20449-20454 (1990).



## Instructions for Use

### Protocol for Immunohistochemical use of the following Monoclonal Antibodies: NCL-alpha-ACT, NCL-a-SARC, NCL-b-SARC, NCL-d-SARC, NCL-g-SARC, NCL-b-DG, NCL-MHCd, NCL-MHCf, NCL-MHCn, NCL-MHCs, NCL-SPEC1, NCL-SPEC2, NCL-DRP2, NCL-MEROSIN, NCL-Hamlet and NCL-Hamlet-2.

1. Freeze muscle blocks in isopentane chilled in liquid nitrogen.
2. Cut 4–10 µm sections and air dry on slides coated with tissue adhesive.
3. Slides may be stored below -70 °C wrapped in cling film until required. If stored sections are used, allow sections to equilibrate to 25 °C before unwrapping and proceeding.
4. Apply a 50 µl aliquot of primary antibody to section (unfixed) Use Antibody Diluent RE7133 (where available). Incubate for 1 hour at 25 °C or 37 °C.  
**Please note** that where NCL-Hamlet and NCL-Hamlet-2 primary antibodies are used, it is recommended that sections are fixed in acetone/methanol (1:1) for 4 minutes at room temperature prior to incubation with the primary antibody.
5. Wash sections in TBS\* buffer (pH 7.6) for 3 x 10 minutes.
6. Apply a 50 µL aliquot of labeled secondary antibody (e.g. NCL-GAMP diluted 1:100). Incubate for 1 hour at 25 °C.
7. Wash sections in TBS\* buffer (pH 7.6) for 3 x 10 minutes.
8. Mount fluorescent sections in aqueous mountant or visualize peroxidase label (e.g. by exposure to freshly prepared 0.05% w/v diaminobenzidine in TBS\* buffer containing 0.1% w/v hydrogen peroxide). Dehydrate, clear and mount peroxidase labeled sections for permanent preparations.

\* In most applications, 10 mM phosphate, 0.15 M NaCl, pH 7.6 (PBS) can be used instead of 50 mM Tris, 0.15 M NaCl, pH 7.6 (TBS).